



# Great Peninsula Conservancy Conservation Legacy

423 Pacific Avenue, Suite 401, Bremerton, WA 98337 (360) - 373 - 3500 [www.greatpeninsula.org](http://www.greatpeninsula.org)



*Protecting Our Lands and Waters for Generations to Come*

Original Cartography  
Christopher Walter 2005

updated 8/2008 by  
 TERRA GIS  
[www.terragis.net](http://www.terragis.net)

## Conservation Legacy Map Key

ID	Property Name	County	Date	Acreage	Ownership	Conservation Value								
						Forest	Historic	OpenSpace	Recreation	Shoreline	Stream	Wetland	Working Land	
K1	Appletree Cove – Kingston Trails – PUD #1	Kitsap	1991	21.60	L	•		•	•					
K2	Sinclair Inlet – Black Jack Creek – Ruby Marsh	Kitsap	1991	19.66	C	•		•			•	•		
K3	Hood Canal – Lofall A	Kitsap	1991	18.09	C			•				•		
K4	Port Madison Bay – Indianola Greenway North Kitsap Heritage Park	Kitsap	1992	31.41	F									
			2014	82.30 366.19	C A	•		•	•	•		•		
K5	Port Orchard Bay – Gilberton Creek	Kitsap	1992	4.12	F	•		•			•			
K6	Miller Bay – Cowling Creek Forest Preserve Hitoshi & Alice Kawahara Preserve Grovers Creek Preserve	Kitsap	1994	28.17	F	•		•			•	•		
			2013	3.35	F	•		•			•	•		
			2014	21.20	F	•		•				•	•	
			2015	177.48	F	•		•				•	•	
K7	Dyes Inlet – Clear Creek Trail Bucklin Hill Forest & Petersen Farm	Kitsap	1994	14.75	F									
			2009-2014	1.22 119.47	L C	•	•	•	•		•		•	
K8	Dyes Inlet – Woods Creek	Kitsap	1995	1.80	F	•		•			•			
K9	Hood Canal – Lofall B	Kitsap	1995	1.10	F			•				•		
K10	Admiralty Inlet – Hansville Greenway	Kitsap	1995	6.70	C	•		•	•		•	•		
K11	Port Orchard Bay – Steel Creek	Kitsap	1995	0.82	F			•				•		
K12	Dyes Inlet – Barker Creek A	Kitsap	1996	9.91	F									
				10.00	C			•			•			
K13	Colvos Passage – Olalla Creek	Kitsap	1996	10.00	F	•		•						
K14	Dyes Inlet – Chico – Eldorado Water District & Chico Creek Estuary	Kitsap	1997	40.00	C	•					•	•		
			2015	3.05	C									
K15	Rich Passage – Watauga Beach	Kitsap	1999	28.15	C	•					•			
K16	Yukon Harbor – Curley Creek	Kitsap	1999	7.38	C	•						•		
K17	Henderson Bay – Burley Creek	Kitsap	1999	22.04	F	•						•		
K18	Liberty Bay – Daniels Creek	Kitsap	2000	6.34	F			•			•			
K19	Yukon Harbor – Curley Creek – Banner Forest	Kitsap	2001	139.00	C	•			•			•		
K20	Hood Canal - Bangor	Kitsap	2001	8.86	C	•					•			
			2012	7.00	C									
			2014	34.14	F	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	
			2015	527.24 22.94	A F									
K22	Hood Canal – Smalser Refuge Big Beef Creek Salmon Sanctuary	Kitsap	2001	21.31	C	•		•			•	•		
			2011	9.82	F									
K23	Hood Canal – Guillemot Cove Park	Kitsap	2002	24.55	T	•		•	•	•	•			
K24	Rolling Bay – Silver Creek - Eglon	Kitsap	2002	20.00	F	•		•			•			
K25	Dyes Inlet – Chico Creek & Ueland Tree Farm (FSC)	Kitsap	2004 2010	2073.00	A	•		•	•		•	•		
K26	Yukon Harbor – Curley Creek – Curley Creek Estuary	Kitsap	2004	17.62	F						•	•		
K27	Yukon Harbor – Salmonberry Creek	Kitsap	2004	21.60	C			•			•	•		
K28	Hood Canal – Little Anderson Creek	Kitsap	2004	10.00	F	•					•			
K29	Hood Canal – Stavis Bay	Kitsap	2005	24.72	A	•		•		•				
K30	Appletree Cove - Kingston	Kitsap	2005	2.70	F	•				•	•			
K31	Sinclair Inlet – Black Jack Creek	Kitsap	2006	9.67	F	•					•	•		
K32	Hood Canal – Harding Creek Tidelands & Tekiu Point	Kitsap	2006	4.95	F	•		•		•		•		
			2010	7.00	C									
K33	Dyes Inlet – Barker Creek B	Kitsap	2008	7.80	C	•		•			•			
K34	Liberty Bay – Dogfish Creek - Fish Park	Kitsap	2008	7.43	T			•	•		•	•		
M1	Hood Canal – Lynch Cove – Klingel/Bryan/Beard Refuge	Mason	1985	88.03	F			•			•	•		
			2015	6.4	C									
			2014											
M2	Hood Canal – Union River – Davis Farm/Irene Creek	Mason	1994 2014	146.93 17.18	C F	•					•	•		
M3	Oakland Bay – Chapman Cove – Brewer Preserve	Mason	1999	1.00	F	•				•		•		
M4	Hood Canal – Union River - Bear Creek Preserve Tahuya Legacy Forest	Mason	2008 2009	9.07 2100	F A			•		•		•		
P1	Nisqually Reach – Johnson South Sound Refuge Devil's Head & Taylor Bay Filucy Bay Preserve	Pierce	1986	25.81	F	•		•			•	•		
			1986	42.55	C									
			2008	133.00	A	•		•		•	•	•		
			2013-15	67.10	F									
P2	Wollochet Bay – Rosedale – Ellis/Reed Forest	Pierce	1990 2008	202.93	C	•		•			•	•		
P3	Henderson Bay – Home	Pierce	1995	2.50	F	•	•	•				•		
			1993	79.15	C									
P4	Henderson Bay – Rosedale – Lay Wildrose Preserve	Pierce	1996	3.82	F			•		•				
P5	Wollochet Bay – Gig Harbor – Wollochet Estuary	Pierce	1998 2014	32.61	C			•		•				
P6	Tacoma Narrows – Gig Harbor	Pierce	2000	16.00	C	•		•		•		•		
P7	Henderson Bay – Rosedale – Sehmel Homestead Park	Pierce	2002	75.00	C	•	•	•	•			•		
P8	Henderson Bay – Rosedale	Pierce	2005	26.70	C	•		•		•				

## Ownership Key

GPC conserves lands using a variety of conservation tools.

**Assist (A):** GPC assists other agencies/organizations with land protection. This may include Forest Stewardship Council (FSC) Certification which insures the sustainable management of working forests.

**Total Acres: 5224.15**

**Conservation Easement (C):** Permanent restrictions placed on the land to protect conservation values. GPC monitors these lands but does not have ownership. **Total Acres: 1179.54**

**Fee Ownership (F):** These lands are owned and monitored by GPC. **Total Acres: 678.16**

**Trail License (L):** Allows GPC to install and maintain a public trail across private or public lands. **Total Acres: 22.82**

**Transfer (T):** Lands protected by GPC and transferred to another organization/agency for conservation. **Total Acres: 31.98**

**Total All Acres: 7136.65**

## Conservation Value Key

GPC protects lands that possess conservation values including:

**Forest:** Helps maintain water quality, limits erosion, processes carbon dioxide, and protects animal habitats.

**Historic:** Protects the character of our communities and helps people maintain connections with the past.

**Open Space:** Helps prevent soil erosion and filters rainwater, also provides wildlife habitat and undeveloped vistas.

**Recreation:** Provides opportunity for relaxation and enjoyment of natural environments.

**Shoreline:** Serves as natural buffer, safeguards water quality, and provides wildlife habitat.

**Stream:** Provides habitat for fish and other wildlife, and safeguards water quality.

**Wetland:** Protects and improves water quality, helps control flooding and erosion, and provides habitat for terrestrial and aquatic wildlife.

**Working Land:** Working land (e.g. farmland, shellfish bed, forestry land) allows responsible management of lands to sustain local economies.